

**Limitations and Deadlines Quick Reference List (before June 2013 update)  
Excerpted references to Limitation Act, R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 266**

Area of Law, Statute and Section	Required Step	Deadline or Limitation
<b>Creditors Remedies</b>		
<i>Limitation Act</i> , R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 266, s. 3(5)	Sue on a mortgage or a demand note	Six years after the date on which the right to do so arose
<i>Limitation Act</i> , R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 266, s. 3(3)(f)	Sue on a civil judgment for payment of money or the return of personal property [Oct 2012]	10 years after the date on which the right to do so arose
<b>Estates and Trusts</b>		
<i>Limitation Act</i> , R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 266, s. 3(3)	Sue a personal representative for a share of an estate; a trustee in respect of fraud, fraudulent breach of trust; a trustee for conversion of trust property for trustee's own benefit	Within 10 years after the date on which the right to do so arose
<b>Personal Injury and Death</b>		
<i>Limitation Act</i> , R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 266, s. 3(2)	Sue for damages in respect of personal injury and resulting economic loss in tort	Two years after the date on which the right to do so arose
<i>Limitation Act</i> , R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 266, s. 3(2)	Commence <i>Family Compensation Act</i> claim, including claim for medical or hospital expenses	Two years after the right to do so arose
<i>Limitation Act</i> , R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 266, ss. 3(2) and 8(1)	Sue hospital, hospital employee or medical practitioner	Two years from date cause of action arose and subject to six-year ultimate limitation for adults and children