

# THE LAW SOCIETY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Financial Statements
December 31, 2017

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#### **Management Discussion and Analysis**

The Law Society of British Columbia accounts for its financial activities through three separate funds: the General Fund, the Special Compensation Fund and the Lawyers Insurance Fund (LIF). Society management has the responsibility for assisting the Benchers in fulfilling the Society's mandate, while ensuring that operating expenditures are closely controlled and that appropriate accounting and internal controls are maintained. The 2017 audited financial statements for the three funds are set out in this report. The statements are presented in accordance with the presentation and disclosure standards of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

During 2017, in addition to the general oversight by the Benchers, the Finance and Audit Committee assisted the Benchers in ensuring that management and staff properly managed and reported on the financial affairs of the Society. The oversight by the Benchers and the Finance and Audit Committee included:

- · Reviewing periodic financial statements of the General, Special Compensation and Consolidated Lawyers Insurance Fund
- Reviewing investment performance as managed by the appointed investment managers
- Reviewing with the Law Society's auditors their approach, scope and audit results
- Reviewing the annual Audit Report prepared by the Law Society auditors
- · Recommending the 2018 practice fees and insurance assessments, and reviewing corresponding budgets
- Reviewing the enterprise risk management plan

#### **General Fund**

#### Overview

Overall, the 2017 results for the General Fund resulted in an operating surplus of \$1.2 million. Revenues were higher than expected, particularly in the areas of trust administration, electronic filing revenues, and practice fees. Operating expenses were similar to the prior year, but lower than expected due to savings in the areas of salaries and external professional fees.

#### Revenues

General Fund revenue was \$30.9 million, \$1.5 million higher than 2016 with growth in the number of lawyers and an increase in the 2017 practice fee. During 2017, net growth in the number of full-time equivalent practicing lawyers was 2.0% resulting in a total of 11,849 full fee paying equivalent lawyers for the year, compared to 11,619 in 2016. The trust administration fee revenue decreased 2% due to a decrease in the number of TAF-related transactions arising from a reduction in activity in the real estate market. Electronic filing revenues also decreased with a reduction in the real estate market. Investment income increased due to higher cash balances held during the year. Discipline and custodianship recoveries decreased over last year. Other income increased over 2016 as the result of insurance recoveries. Professional Legal Training Course (PLTC) enrolment revenue was higher in 2017, with 510 PLTC students attending during the year, compared with 470 in the prior year. Application fees and rental revenue were slightly higher than their 2016 levels.

The Lawyers Insurance Fund contributed \$2.2 million to the General Fund for co-sponsored programs and for general program and administrative expenses attributable to operations.

# **Expenses**

The 2017 General Fund expenses increased by \$2.0 million (7.5%) to \$28.7 million, compared to \$26.7 million in 2016.

Bencher Governance expenses increased by \$143,000 compared to 2016 due to increased travel and meeting costs.

Communication, Publications and Information Services costs were higher from 2016 by \$141,000, with increased telephone costs related to the transition to new technology, increased software maintenance costs and market based salary adjustments.

Education and Practice expenses were higher than 2016 by \$232, 000, with increases primarily related to credentials external counsel



#### **Management Discussion and Analysis**

fees, the addition of one staff member and market based salary adjustments.

General and administration costs increased by \$114,000 from 2016 with increases in human resource costs for recruiting and consultant costs, offset by staff salary savings.

Policy and Legal Services expenses increased by \$96,000 over 2016, due to the addition of one staff member and market based staff salary adjustments.

Regulation operating expenses increased \$1.3 million over 2016, due to higher external counsel fees and staffing costs in the areas of discipline, professional conduct, and custodianships with higher file loads. Additionally, there were increases for market based staff salary adjustments.

#### **Net Assets**

Overall, the General Fund remains financially sound. As of December 31, 2017, net assets in the General Fund were \$21 million. The net assets include \$2.7 million in capital funding for planned capital projects related to the 845 Cambie Street building and workspace improvements for Law Society operations. Pursuant to reserve policy, during the year \$3.2 million of net assets related to trust assurance was transferred to the Lawyers Insurance Fund for Part B coverage. After this transfer, at December 31, 2017, the net assets include \$3.3 million of trust assurance reserves. The remaining General Fund net assets are \$15 million, of which \$11.7 million is invested in capital assets, mainly the 845 Cambie Street building, and \$3.3 million of working capital.

## **Special Compensation Fund**

#### Overview

Previously, the Special Compensation Fund was maintained pursuant to Section 31 of the *Legal Profession Act*, was financed by members' annual assessments, and claims were recorded net of recoveries when they had been approved for payment. In 2012, the *Legal Profession Amendment Act*, 2012 repealed section 31 of the *Legal Profession Act*. In addition, Section 23 of the Legal Profession Act was amended to remove the requirement that practising lawyers pay the Special Compensation Fund assessment. Section 50 of the *Legal Profession Amendment Act*, 2012 provides for the transfer of unused reserves that remain within the Special Compensation Fund to the Lawyers Insurance Fund for the purposes of the insurance program, which has provided insurance coverage since 2004 for dishonest appropriation of money or other property entrusted to and received by insured lawyers. During the year, pursuant to Section 50 of the *Legal Profession Amendment Act*, \$1 million of unused reserves were transferred to the Lawyers Insurance Fund and the remainder will be held in the Special Compensation fund to offset expected external counsel fees.

#### **Revenues/Expenses**

There were no claims costs in 2016 since the Lawyers Insurance Fund has been providing coverage for dishonest appropriation of funds by lawyers since 2004. During the year, \$3,800 was recovered along with \$28,000 of interest income. In addition, external counsel costs of \$119,000 were incurred for specific file activity.

#### **Net Assets**

At the end of 2017, after the transfer of \$1 million of unused reserves to the Lawyers Insurance Fund, the Special Compensation Fund net assets were \$277,000.

#### **Lawyers Insurance Fund**



#### **Management Discussion and Analysis**

#### Overview

The Lawyers Insurance Fund (LIF) remains in a strong financial position at the end of 2017. Revenue from annual assessments was slightly higher due to additional insured members, and overall investment returns were above the benchmark.

#### Revenues

The 2017 insurance assessment remained at \$1,750 per insured member, resulting in total revenue of \$14.9 million, compared to \$14.7 million in 2016.

During 2017, the long term investment portfolio performed well, earning a return of 10.3%, compared to a benchmark return of 7.1%. All increases in the market value of the investment portfolio have been recognized through the statement of revenue and expenses in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Expenses**

In 2017, LIF general operating costs, including the \$2.2 million contribution to the General Fund, but excluding claims payments and unallocated loss adjustment expenses (ULAE), were \$6.9 million, compared to \$6.7 million in 2016. The increase is primarily due to market based staff salary adjustments and the addition of one staff member.

The net actuarial provision for settlement of claims for the year was \$13.6 million, a decrease of \$9.4 million from 2016. The 2016 claims provision was higher than normal due to an increase in reserves of prior years' claims. The provision for claims liabilities on the balance sheet at the end of 2017 was \$69.0 million, compared to \$67.2 million in 2016.

#### **Net Assets**

As of December 31, 2017, the LIF net assets were \$84.2 million, which includes \$17.5 million internally restricted for Part B claims, leaving \$66.7 million in unrestricted net assets.

#### Other Matters

In 2014, the Law Society heard from the Financial Institutions Commission ("FICOM") about their concerns with the Law Society's captive insurance company and the Law Society's insurance program. Following discussions with FICOM, the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Justice, it was agreed that the Law Society would pursue an exemption from certain statutory requirements and discussions are continuing regarding structure options.



March 2, 2018

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Members of The Law Society of British Columbia

We have audited the accompanying fund financial statements of The Law Society of British Columbia - General and Special Compensation Funds, which comprise the fund statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017 and the fund statements of revenue and expenses, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's responsibility for the fund financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these fund financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of fund financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these fund financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the fund financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the fund financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the fund financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the fund financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the fund financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

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"PwC" refers to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an Ontario limited liability partnership





#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the fund financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Law Society of British Columbia - General and Special Compensation Funds as at December 31, 2017 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP



# The Law Society of British Columbia – General and Special Compensation Funds

Fund Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2017

			2017	2016
	General Fund \$	Special Compensation Fund \$	Total \$	Total \$
Assets				
Current assets Cash (note 2) Unclaimed trust funds (note 2) Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses (note 3) Courthouse Libraries BC Fund (note 2) Due from Lawyers Insurance Fund (note 8)	18,632,930 2,015,649 1,678,396 787,498 17,384,813	500 - - - 276,234	18,633,430 2,015,649 1,678,396 787,498 17,661,047	283,810 1,813,319 1,981,603 728,535 35,534,095
	40,499,286	276,734	40,776,020	40,341,362
Non-current assets Cambie Street property - net (note 4(a)) Other property and equipment - net (note 4(b)) Intangible assets - net (note 4(c))	12,370,219 1,088,950 344,539 54,302,994	- - - - 276,734	12,370,219 1,088,950 344,539 54,579,728	12,447,990 784,659 412,701 53,986,712
1.1.199	04,002,004	270,704	04,070,720	00,000,7 12
Liabilities				
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5) Liability for unclaimed trust funds (note 2) Current portion of building loan payable (note 7) Deferred revenue (note 2) Deferred capital contributions Courthouse Libraries BC Fund (note 2) Deposits	6,289,795 2,015,649 500,000 22,053,657 1,482 787,498 58,105	- - - - -	6,289,795 2,015,649 500,000 22,053,657 1,482 787,498 58,105	6,251,515 1,813,319 500,000 21,344,505 12,452 728,535 55,605
	31,706,186	-	31,706,186	30,705,931
Building loan payable (notes 7 and 8)	1,600,000	-	1,600,000	2,100,000
	33,306,186	-	33,306,186	32,805,931
Net assets Unrestricted (note 6)	20,996,808	276,734	21,273,542	21,180,781
	54,302,994	276,734	54,579,728	53,986,712

Commitments (note 13)

Approved by

President \_\_\_\_\_ Chair of Finance and Audit Committee



# **The Law Society of British Columbia – General and Special Compensation Funds**Fund Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended December 31, 2017

			2017	2016
	General Fund - Unrestricted \$	Special Compensation Fund - Unrestricted \$	Total \$	Total \$
Net assets - Beginning of year	19,816,437	1,364,344	21,180,781	16,291,483
Net excess of revenue (deficiency) over expenses for the year	1,180,371	(1,087,610)	92,761	4,889,298
Net assets - End of year (note 6)	20,996,808	276,734	21,273,542	21,180,781



# **The Law Society of British Columbia – General and Special Compensation Funds**Fund Statement of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2017

			2017	2016
	General Fund \$	Special Compensation Fund \$	Total \$	Total
Revenue Practice fees Trust administration fees Enrolment fees E-filing revenue Fines, penalties and recoveries Application fees Investment income (note 8) Other income Rental revenue	21,249,693 4,454,664 1,425,250 920,399 433,122 518,830 539,346 463,375 891,273	3,749 27,710 31,459	21,249,693 4,454,664 1,425,250 920,399 436,871 518,830 567,056 463,375 891,273	19,894,479 4,548,052 1,297,850 975,923 570,076 491,930 463,292 410,482 885,328
Expenses Bencher governance		. ,		
Bencher, AGM and other committees Executive and Bencher support Communications, publications and information services	1,178,812 372,269	-	1,178,812 372,269	1,095,105 313,176
Communications and publications Information services Education and practice	811,599 1,492,381	-	811,599 1,492,381	779,090 1,384,297
Credentials Member services Membership assistance programs	811,367 766,730 187,193	- - -	811,367 766,730 187,193	507,112 780,135 238,750
Practice advice Practice standards Professional legal training course and education	664,902 573,477 1,761,412	- - -	664,902 573,477 1,761,412	621,051 647,772 1,737,835
General and administrative Finance Amortization of other property and equipment General administration	1,067,586 522,866 1,142,733	-	1,067,586 522,866 1,142,733	1,002,955 447,316 1,396,463
Human resources Records management and library Policy and legal services	738,989 291,134		738,989 291,134	522,479 280,237
Policy, ethics and tribunal counsel External litigation and interventions Unauthorized practice Regulation	1,772,496 493,825 322,278	- - -	1,772,496 493,825 322,278	1,714,282 477,435 300,506
Custodianship costs Discipline Professional conduct - intake and investigations	1,492,007 1,741,949 5,082,621	- - -	1,492,007 1,741,949 5,082,621	1,466,532 1,519,116 4,477,166
Forensic accounting Trust assurance Occupancy costs, net of tenant recoveries	710,507 2,406,433 2,288,726	- - -	710,507 2,406,433 2,288,726	648,993 2,130,578 2,220,927
Carried forward	28,694,292	-	28,694,292	26,709,308



# The Law Society of British Columbia – General and Special Compensation Funds

Fund Statement of Revenue and Expenses ...continued For the year ended December 31, 2017

	_		2017	2016
	General Fund \$	Special Compensation Fund \$	Total \$	Total \$
Brought forward	28,694,292	-	28,694,292	26,709,308
Special Compensation Fund General and administrative costs		119,069	119,069	91,459
	28,694,292	119,069	28,813,361	26,800,767
Costs recovered Lawyers Insurance Funds Co-sponsored program costs Program and administrative costs	(844,580) (1,334,131)	- -	(844,580) (1,334,131)	(862,284) (1,290,369)
	(2,178,711)	-	(2,178,711)	(2,152,653)
	26,515,581	119,069	26,634,650	24,648,114
Net excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year before contribution to Lawyers Insurance Fund	4,380,371	(87,610)	4,292,761	4,889,298
Contribution from Trust Assurance Net Assets to Lawyers Insurance Fund (note 6)	3,200,000	-	3,200,000	-
Contribution from Special Compensation Fund to Lawyers Insurance Fund (notes 6 and 9)		1,000,000	1,000,000	<u> </u>
Net excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year	1,180,371	(1,087,610)	92,761	4,889,298



# **The Law Society of British Columbia – General and Special Compensation Funds** Fund Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2017

			2017	2016
	General Fund \$	Special Compensation Fund \$	Total \$	Total \$
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year Items not affecting cash Amortization of Cambie Street building and	1,180,371	(1,087,610)	92,761	4,889,298
tenant improvements  Amortization of other property and	873,176	-	873,176	833,522
equipment Amortization of intangible assets	303,841 219,025		303,841 219,025	243,220 204,096
Amortization of deferred capital contributions  Loss on disposal of other property and	(10,970)	-	(10,970)	(10,970)
equipment Contributions to Lawyers Insurance Fund	11,845 3,200,000	1,000,000	11,845 4,200,000	13,363 -
	5,777,288	(87,610)	5,689,678	6,172,529
(Increase) decrease in current assets Unclaimed trust funds Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses Courthouse Libraries BC Fund Increase (decrease) in current liabilities	(202,330) 303,206 (58,963)	- - -	(202,330) 303,206 (58,963)	(104,658) (270,856) (52,120)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Liability for unclaimed trust funds Deferred revenue Courthouse Libraries BC Fund	38,280 202,330 709,152 58,963	- - -	38,280 202,330 709,152 58,963	625,402 104,658 1,202,617 52,120
Deposits	2,500	(07.040)	2,500	(2,000)
	6,830,426	(87,610)	6,742,816	7,727,692
Cash flows from financing activities Decrease in building loan payable Interfund transfers	(500,000) 13,585,439	- 87,610	(500,000) 13,673,049	(500,000) (6,117,597)
	13,085,439	87,610	13,173,049	(6,617,597)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property and equipment Purchase of intangible assets	(1,404,928) (161,317)	- -	(1,404,928) (161,317)	(698,087) (211,052)
	(1,566,245)	-	(1,566,245)	(909,139)
Increase in cash	18,349,620	-	18,349,620	200,956
Cash - Beginning of year	283,310	500	283,810	82,854
Cash - End of year	18,632,930	500	18,633,430	283,810
Supplementary cash flow information				
Interest paid	48,594	-	48,594	54,902
Interest income received	539,346	27,710	567,056	463,288

# 1 Nature of operations

The Law Society of British Columbia (the Society) regulates the legal profession in British Columbia, protecting public interest in the administration of justice by setting and enforcing standards of professional conduct for lawyers. The Society is a not-for-profit organization.

The funds covered in these fund financial statements are for the Society's General Fund and Special Compensation Fund with the following activities:

The General Fund comprises the assets, liabilities, net assets, revenue and expenses of the operations of the Society other than those designated to the statutory Special Compensation Fund and the Lawyers Insurance Fund (including its wholly owned subsidiary, LSBC Captive Insurance Company Ltd.). This includes collecting revenues associated with practice fees, trust administration fees, enrollment fees, and various other administrative fees and penalties used to cover the costs of the Society to regulate the legal profession and educate and enforce adherence of its members to act within the rules of professional conduct for lawyers.

The Special Compensation Fund was maintained by the Society pursuant to Section 31 of the Legal Profession Act (the LPA). The Special Compensation Fund claims were recorded net of recoveries from the Special Compensation Fund's insurers when they were approved for payment by the Special Compensation Fund Committee as delegated by the Benchers and the settlement has been accepted by the claimant. The LPA provides that the assets of the Special Compensation Fund are not subject to process of seizure or attachment by creditors of the Society.

Effective January 1, 2013, the Legal Profession Amendment Act, 2012 repealed Section 31 of the LPA. The legislation was changed pursuant to Section 50 of the Legal Profession Amendment Act, 2012 (SBC 2012, C16), to initiate the transfer of unused reserves that remain within the Special Compensation Fund, after all recoveries are received and expenses and claims are paid, to be used in the Lawyers Insurance Fund. Additionally, Section 23 of the LPA was amended to remove the requirement that practising lawyers pay the Special Compensation Fund assessment. Accordingly, for 2017, the per member Special Compensation Fund assessment remained at \$nil (2016 - \$nil).

Effective May 1, 2004, Part B to the B.C. Lawyers' Compulsory Professional Liability Insurance Policy provides defined insurance coverage for dishonest appropriation of money or other property entrusted to and received by insured lawyers in their capacity as barrister and solicitor and in relation to the provision of professional services. Part B (Trust Protection Coverage) is recorded in the Lawyers Insurance Fund.

The Society's Lawyers Insurance Fund is presented separately in consolidated fund financial statements, including the Society's wholly owned LSBC Captive Insurance Company Ltd. (the Captive). The Lawyers Insurance Fund underwrites the program by which errors and omissions insurance is provided to members of the Society. The Lawyers Insurance Fund's consolidated fund financial statements provide further detail on the various insurance coverages provided.

# 2 Significant accounting policies

These fund financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO) as issued by the Canadian Accounting Standards Board.

#### Allocated administrative expenses

Administrative expenses are recovered by the General Fund from both the Lawyers Insurance and Special Compensation Funds. Recoveries are based on amounts derived either on percentage of use, the proportion of the Lawyers Insurance Fund's staff compared to the Society's total staff costs, or a set amount.

#### **Courthouse Libraries BC Fund**

The Society administers funds held on behalf of the Courthouse Libraries BC. Such funds are held in trust and the use of the funds is not recorded in the fund statement of revenue and expenses of the General Fund. The Society collects fees for the Courthouse Libraries BC through its fees per lawyer assessments.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash on hand and held with a Canadian chartered bank.

#### Claims liabilities

In accordance with the absolute discretionary nature of the Special Compensation Fund arrangements, the claims become a liability only when approved by the Special Compensation Fund Committee and accepted by the claimant.

#### **Deferred capital contributions**

Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and recognized as revenue on the same basis as the capital assets are amortized.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

The fair values of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities correspond to their carrying values due to their short-term nature.

#### **Intangible assets**

Intangible assets comprise computer software. Software is recorded at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis at 10% - 20% per annum.

#### **Property and equipment**

Property and equipment, including leasehold improvements, are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization.

The Society provides for amortization on a straight-line basis as follows:

Buildings	40 years from purchase date
Computer hardware	10% - 20% per annum
Furniture and fixtures	10% per annum
Leasehold improvements	10% per annum
Building improvements and equipment	10% per annum
Tenant improvements	over lease period

The Society recognizes a full year's amortization expense in the year of acquisition, with the exception of building improvements and equipment and leasehold improvements which are amortized from their date of completion.

#### **Revenue recognition**

The Society follows the deferral method of accounting for practice fees and assessments. Fees and assessments are billed and received in advance on a calendar-year basis. Accordingly, fees and assessments for the next fiscal year received prior to December 31 have been recorded as deferred revenue for financial reporting purposes and will be recognized as revenue in the next calendar year. Revenue will be recognized on a monthly basis as earned. Surplus funds are invested in the Lawyers Insurance Fund's investment portfolio.

All other revenues are recognized when earned if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

#### **Unclaimed trust funds**

The General Fund recognizes unclaimed trust funds as an asset as well as a corresponding liability on the fund statement of financial position. If these funds are claimed, the owner of the trust fund balance is entitled to the principal balance plus interest at prime rate minus 2%. Due to the historically low collection rates on these balances, the General Fund does not accrue for any interest owing on the trust fund amounts held and recognizes income earned from the unclaimed trust fund investments in the fund statement of revenue and expenses. Unclaimed funds outstanding for more than five years are transferred to the Law Foundation of British Columbia.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of fund financial statements in accordance with ASNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the fund financial statements and the reported amounts of certain revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

# 3 Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses

Accounts receivable are presented net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$993,116 (2016 - \$904,036).

# 4 Property, equipment and intangible assets

# a) 845 Cambie Street property

			2017
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$
Land Buildings and equipment Leasehold improvements Tenant improvements	4,189,450 15,331,039 7,200,176 826,619	8,706,201 5,834,726 636,138	4,189,450 6,624,838 1,365,450 190,481
	27,547,284	15,177,065	12,370,219
			2016
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$
Land Buildings and equipment Leasehold improvements Tenant improvements	4,189,450 15,005,200 6,729,908 826,619	8,092,997 5,641,706 568,484	4,189,450 6,912,203 1,088,202 258,135
	26,751,177	14,303,187	12,447,990



c)

# The Law Society of British Columbia – General and Special Compensation Funds Notes to Fund Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

# b) Other property and equipment

Other property and equipment			
			2017
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$
Furniture and fixtures Computer hardware Artwork and collectibles Law libraries - at nominal value	3,041,592 1,349,587 49,160 1	2,259,174 1,046,811 45,405	782,418 302,776 3,755 1
	4,440,340	3,351,390	1,088,950
			2016
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$
Furniture and fixtures Computer hardware Artwork and collectibles Law libraries - at nominal value	2,639,295 1,180,036 49,160 1	2,120,809 917,619 45,405	518,486 262,417 3,755 1
	3,868,492	3,083,833	784,659
Intangible assets			
			2017
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$
Computer software Website development	1,678,529 110,733	1,422,576 22,147	255,953 88,586
	1,789,262	1,444,723	344,539

# The Law Society of British Columbia – General and Special Compensation Funds Notes to Fund Financial Statements December 31, 2017

			2016
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$
Computer software Website development	1,636,970 80,578	1,304,847	332,123 80,578
	1,717,548	1,304,847	412,701

# 5 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities include the following amounts collected on behalf of external organizations, but not yet paid:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Advocate	396,606	399,077
Courthouse Libraries BC	2,298,606	2,139,174
Lawyers Assistance Program	773,569	788,829
Pro bono	334,559	339,795
CanLII	476,000	578,197
Federation of Law Societies	292,425	502,745
Rural Education and Access to Lawyers	25,263	69,663

#### 6 Unrestricted net assets

The General Fund unrestricted net assets include \$2,666,232 (2016 - \$2,647,035) which has been allocated to capital expenditures in accordance with the capital plan.

The General Fund unrestricted net assets also include \$3,313,111 (2016 - \$4,766,120) which has been appropriated for future trust assurance expenses. During the year, \$4,454,664 (2016 - \$4,548,052) in trust administration fee revenue was collected, and \$2,707,673 (2016 - \$2,431,956) in trust assurance expenses were incurred.

Pursuant to the reserve policy, \$3,200,000 of the net assets related to trust assurance was transferred to the Lawyers Insurance Fund for Part B coverage during 2017

Pursuant to Section 50 of the Legal Profession Amendment Act, 2012 (SCB 2012, C16), \$1,000,000 of unused reserves of the Special Compensation Fund was transferred to the Lawyers Insurance Fund during 2017.

The remaining General Fund net assets represent \$11,703,709 (2016 - \$11,045,351) invested in capital assets, and working capital of \$3,313,758 (2016 - \$1,357,933), combining for a total unrestricted net asset amount of \$15,017,467 (2016 - \$12,403,284).

	(in 000s)					2017	2016
	Invested in capital \$	Working capital \$	Unrestricted \$	Trust assurance \$	Capital plan \$	Total \$	Total \$
Net assets - Beginning of year	11,045	1,358	12,403	4,766	2,647	19,816	14,939
Net (deficiency) excess of revenue over expenses	(1,408)	1,956	548	1,747	2,085	4,380	4,877
Contribution to Lawyers Insurance Fund Repayment of building loan	-	-	-	(3,200)	-	(3,200)	-
payable (note 7) Purchase of capital assets (note 4)	500 1,566	-	500 1,566	-	(500) (1,566)	-	-
Net assets - End of year	11,703	3,314	15,017	3,313	2,666	20,996	19,816

# 7 Building loan payable

In 1992, the Benchers authorized the borrowing of monies from the Lawyers Insurance Fund to fund the capital development of the Society's buildings at 845 Cambie Street, Vancouver, B.C. The loan is secured by the buildings, has no fixed repayment terms and bears interest calculated monthly at a rate equal to the stated monthly bond yield to maturity earned on the Lawyers Insurance Fund investment portfolio. Interest paid on the building loan is disclosed in note 8. The outstanding building loan balance at year-end is \$2.1 million (2016 - \$2.6 million). It is the intention of the Benchers to require the General Fund to repay a minimum of \$500,000 of the principal each year. During 2017, principal of \$500,000 (2016 - \$500,000) was repaid. The loan will be paid off in total by 2022.

	2017	2016
	%	%
Weighted average rate of interest	2.27	2.09

#### 8 Interfund transactions

The operations of the General, Lawyers Insurance and Special Compensation Funds are controlled by the management of the Society. Balances between the funds generally arise from transactions of an operating nature and are recorded at the exchange amount at the dates of the transactions. Surplus funds are kept in the General Fund bank accounts or invested in money market funds through the Lawyers Insurance Fund.

Amounts due to and from the Lawyers Insurance Fund are due on demand and have no fixed terms of repayment. The Lawyers Insurance Fund has authorized a loan facility of up to \$1 million, of which \$nil has been drawn down at December 31, 2017 (2016 - \$nil), to the General Fund to fund capital expenditures in accordance with the capital plan. The Lawyers Insurance Fund has also authorized a loan facility of up to \$8 million, of which \$nil has been drawn down at December 31, 2017 (2016 - \$nil), to the Special Compensation Fund.

Monthly interest on the Lawyers Insurance Fund's net loan position with the General and Special Compensation Funds is earned at the rate equal to the stated monthly bond yield to maturity earned on the Lawyers Insurance Fund investment portfolio. The average bond yield for 2017 was 2.27% (2016 - 2.09%). The General Fund's net loan position includes the General Fund's building loan and other operating balances with the Lawyers Insurance Fund. The net loan position fluctuates during the year as amounts are transferred between the General Fund, the Special Compensation Fund and the Lawyers Insurance Fund to finance ongoing operations.

During 2017, interest of \$48,594 was paid on the building loan and interest revenue of \$528,219 was received from General Fund cash balances held by the Lawyers Insurance Fund and \$27,705 was received from Special Compensation Fund cash balances held by the Lawyers Insurance Fund for a net interest income of \$507,330.

During 2016, interest of \$54,902 was paid on the building loan and interest revenue of \$427,221 was received from General Fund cash balances held by the Lawyers Insurance Fund and \$28,512 was received from Special Compensation Fund cash balances held by the Lawyers Insurance Fund for a net interest income of \$400,831.

Other interfund transactions are disclosed elsewhere in these fund financial statements.

#### 9 Special Compensation Fund claims and program changes

#### a) Outstanding claims

Pursuant to section 31(6) of the Legal Profession Act, the payment of Special Compensation Fund claims is at the discretion of the Special Compensation Fund Committee as delegated by the Benchers. As at December 31, 2017, there were no remaining claims for which statutory declarations had been received. All claims for which statutory declarations were received have been reviewed by the Special Compensation Fund Committee.

For claims reported prior to May 1, 2004, the insurance bond provided that total claims attributable to the period in excess of \$2,500,000 were 100% reimbursed by a commercial insurer up to a maximum of \$15,000,000 for claims against one lawyer and in total, other than as noted in note 9(b). As set out in note 1, claims reported after May 1, 2004 are subject to Part B coverage by the Lawyers Insurance Fund.

#### b) Wirick case

In May 2002, the Discipline Committee ordered an audit investigation, pursuant to Rule 4-43, of Martin Keith Wirick's practice.

At December 31, 2017, there were no remaining claims still under consideration.

Until May 1, 2004, the Special Compensation Fund carried insurance of \$15,000,000 for each bond period (\$17,500,000 total coverage with a deductible of \$2,500,000). The bond period is defined as the year in which the Society becomes aware of evidence indicating a member may have been guilty of an act or acts of misappropriation or wrongful conversion. All claims concerning Mr. Wirick fell into the 2002 bond period and, as such, the Special Compensation Fund had claims greater than its level of insurance. In early 2005, the final proof of loss that reached this limit was filed. In 2002, the Benchers agreed to allow the Special Compensation Fund Committee to exceed the \$17,500,000 cap they had imposed in the Society rules.

In 2006, the Benchers approved a payment of \$7,543,528 to be paid to claimants over four years commencing in fiscal 2007 at \$1,885,882 per year. The final payment was made in 2010.

In December 2012, the Benchers approved a further payment of \$162,399 that was paid to claimants in 2013.

In 2017, the Special Compensation Fund recovered \$nil (2016 - \$nil) related to the Wirick case.

Pursuant to Section 50 of the Legal Profession Amendment Act, 2012 (SCB 2012, C16), \$1,000,000 of unused reserves of the Special Compensation Fund was transferred to the Lawyers Insurance Fund during 2017.

#### 10 Related parties

The elected Benchers include members drawn from law firms across the province. These law firms may at times be engaged by the Society in the normal course of business. During the year ended December 31, 2017, expenses of \$481,187 (2016 - \$223,616) recorded at carrying amount were incurred by the General Fund during the normal course of business with these law firms.

#### 11 Capital management

The Society defines its capital as the amounts included in its unrestricted net assets. Its objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to fulfill its objectives and meet its requirements.

#### 12 Financial instruments

The General and Special Compensation Funds' financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The significant financial risks to which the Society is exposed are credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### a) Credit risk

Cash and accounts receivable expose the Funds to credit risk.

The maximum exposure to credit risk arising from the above-noted items is \$20,093,903 (2016 - \$2,063,503). Credit risk arises from the possibility that a counterparty to an instrument fails to meet its obligations.

# b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Funds will not be able to meet all cash outflow requirements. Financial instruments held by the Society are limited to cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities and, therefore, bear no significant liquidity risk.

# 13 Obligations and commitments under operating leases

The Society has committed to payments under certain operating leases relating to vehicle costs. Future minimum lease payments required in each of the next four fiscal years and thereafter are:

	\$
For the year ending December 31 2018 2019 2020 2021	6,804 3,402 -
Total future minimum lease payments	10,206

For the year ended December 31, 2017, an amount of \$15,880 representing payments under operating leases was expensed (2016 - \$24,236).

# **14** Subsequent event

In 2018, the Society agreed to participate with other Canadian law societies in a collective loan of \$2 million to the Canadian Legal Information Institute (CanLII), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Federation of Law Societies of Canada (FLSC). The loan is part of the financing for the purchase by CanLII of LexUM, a corporation providing support services to CanLII for the implementation of CanLII's legal information website. The Law Society's participation is \$276,390. The loan has a five year term with an annual interest rate of 4.74% payable annually.



March 2, 2018

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Members of The Law Society of British Columbia

We have audited the accompanying consolidated fund financial statements of The Law Society of British Columbia - Lawyers Insurance Fund, and its subsidiary, which comprise the consolidated fund statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017 and the consolidated fund statements of revenue and expenses, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's responsibility for the consolidated fund financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated fund financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated fund financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated fund financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated fund financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated fund financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated fund financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated fund financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated fund financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

 $\label{lem:pricewaterhouseCoopers Place, 250 Howe Street, Suite 1400, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6C 3S7 T: +1 604 806 7000, F: +1 604 806 7806$ 

"PwC" refers to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an Ontario limited liability partnership.





#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated fund financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Law Society of British Columbia - Lawyers Insurance Fund, and its subsidiary, as at December 31, 2017 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Assets		·
Cash	11,270,780	28,661,761
Accounts receivable - net of allowance (note 3)	447,008	254,914
Prepaid expenses	125,738	30,937
Short-term investments (note 5)	7,267,022	4,201,359
Members' share of provision for claims	1,354,050	1,147,131
General Fund building loan (note 7)	2,100,000	2,600,000
Investments (note 6)	167,447,629	154,267,887
	190,012,227	191,163,989
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (notes 4 and 8)	1,642,786	1,825,625
Deferred revenue	7,786,123	7,461,217
Due to General Fund (note 10)	17,384,813	34,170,251
Due to Special Compensation Fund (note 10)	276,237	1,363,844
Provision for claims (note 9)	69,073,165	67,192,720
Provision for ULAE (note 9)	9,601,000	8,781,000
	105,764,124	120,794,657
Net assets		
Unrestricted net assets	66,748,103	52,869,332
Internally restricted net assets (note 11)	17,500,000	17,500,000
	84,248,103	70,369,332
	190,012,227	191,163,989
Commitments (colored)		

Commitments (note 10)

Approved by President \_\_\_\_ Chair of Finance and Audit Committee



			2017	2016
	Unrestricted \$	Internally restricted \$	Total \$	Total \$
Net assets - Beginning of year	52,869,332	17,500,000	70,369,332	75,888,323
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year	13,878,771	-	13,878,771	(5,518,991)
Net assets - End of year	66,748,103	17,500,000	84,248,103	70,369,332



	2017 \$	2016 \$
Revenue	Ť	•
Annual assessments Investment income (note 6) Other income	14,932,599 7,237,688 60,812	14,681,333 5,375,891 77,500
	22,231,099	20,134,724
Insurance expenses		
Actuary, consultant and investment manager fees Allocated office rent from General Fund Contribution to program and administrative costs of General Fund Insurance	794,764 212,750 1,335,465 411,466	801,592 291,417 1,292,210 407,330
Office Premium taxes	528,733 10,124	533,629 8,572
Provision for settlement of claims (note 9) Provision for ULAE (note 9) Salaries, wages and benefits	13,567,516 820,000 2,761,569	22,941,291 770,000 2,544,395
	20,442,387	29,590,436
Loss prevention expenses		
Contribution to co-sponsored program costs of General Fund	844,580	862,284
	21,286,967	30,452,720
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses before the following	944,132	(10,317,996)
Fair value changes in investments (note 6)	8,740,646	4,804,907
	9,684,778	(5,513,089)
Provision for income taxes	6,007	5,902
	9,678,771	(5,518,991)
Contribution from Special Compensation Fund (note 10)	1,000,000	-
Contribution from Trust Assurance Net Assets in General Fund (note 10)	3,200,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year	13,878,771	(5,518,991)



Cash flows from operating activities         Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year litems not affecting cash Unrealized gain on investments         (4,613,386)         (2,619,395)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,483)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482)         (2,185,482		2017 \$	2016 \$
Items not affecting cash	Cash flows from operating activities		/= - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Unrealized gain on investments         (4,613,386)         (2,619,395)           Realized gain on disposal of investments         (7,558,850)         (5,612,436)           Pooled distributions from investments         (7,558,850)         (5,612,436)           Contribution from General and Special Funds         1,779,276         (15,936,284)           Decrease (increase) in assets         1,779,276         (15,936,284)           Accounts receivable         (192,094)         4,167,056           Prepaid expenses         (94,801)         16,504           Short-term investments         (3,085,683)         (264,835)           Members' share of provision for claims         (206,919)         101,424           Increase (decrease) in liabilities         (182,839)         661,885           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         (182,839)         661,885           Deferred revenue         324,906         13,0507           Provision for claims         1,880,445         7,704,646           Provision for ULAE         320,000         861,000           Decrease in General Fund building loan         500,000         500,000           Purchase of investments         (7,056,356)         (7,823,130)           Proceeds from disposal of investments         (22,073,046)         6,117,597	Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year  Items not affecting cash	13,878,771	(5,518,991)
Pooled distributions from investments	Unrealized gain on investments		
Contribution from General and Special Funds         4,200,000           Decrease (increase) in assets         1,779,276         (15,936,284)           Accounts receivable         (192,094)         4,167,056           Prepaid expenses         (94,801)         16,504           Short-term investments         (3,065,663)         (264,835)           Members' share of provision for claims         (206,919)         101,424           Increase (decrease) in liabilities         (182,839)         661,885           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         324,906         130,507           Provision for claims         1,880,445         7,704,646           Provision for ULAE         820,000         861,000           Provision for ULAE         500,000         500,000           Purchase of investments         500,000         500,000           Purchase of investments         10,176,110         8,146,104           Proceeds from disposal of investments         10,176,110         8,146,104           Cash flows from financing activities         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           Cash rease in cash         (17,390,981)         4,382,474           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780			
Decrease (increase) in assets	Contribution from General and Special Funds		
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses (192,094) 4,167,056 Prepaid expenses (94,801) 16,504 Short-term investments (3,065,663) (264,835) Members' share of provision for claims (206,919) 101,424 Increase (decrease) in liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (182,839) 661,885 Deferred revenue 324,906 130,507 Provision for claims 1,880,445 7,704,646 Provision for ULAE 820,000 861,000 Provision for ULAE 820,000 861,000 Provision for ULAE (7,056,351) (2,558,097) Proceeds in General Fund building loan 500,000 500,000 Purchase of investments (7,056,356) (7,823,130) Proceeds from disposal of investments (7,056,356) (7,823,130) Proceeds from financing activities Interfund transfers (note 10) (22,073,046) 6,117,597 (Decrease) increase in cash (17,390,981) 4,382,474 Cash - Beginning of year 28,661,761 24,279,287 Cash - End of year 11,270,780 28,661,761 Supplementary cash flow information Interest paid 555,924 455,737		1,779,276	(15,936,284)
Prepaid expenses         (94,801)         16,504           Short-term investments         (3,065,663)         (264,835)           Members' share of provision for claims         (206,919)         101,424           Increase (decrease) in liabilities         (182,839)         661,885           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         324,906         130,507           Provision for claims         1,880,445         7,704,646           Provision for ULAE         820,000         861,000           Cash flows from investing activities         500,000         500,000           Purchase in General Fund building loan         500,000         500,000           Purchase of investments         (7,056,356)         (7,823,130)           Proceeds from disposal of investments         10,176,110         8,146,104           Cash flows from financing activities         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           Cash flows from financing activities         (17,390,981)         4,382,474           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information         555,924         455,737		(192 094)	4 167 056
Members' share of provision for claims         (206,919)         101,424           Increase (decrease) in liabilities         (182,839)         661,885           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         324,906         130,507           Provision for claims         1,880,445         7,704,646           Provision for ULAE         820,000         861,000           Cash flows from investing activities         500,000         500,000           Purchase of investments         (7,056,356)         (7,823,130)           Proceeds from disposal of investments         10,176,110         8,146,104           Cash flows from financing activities         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           Cash flows from financing activities         (17,390,981)         4,382,474           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information         555,924         455,737	Prepaid expenses	(94,801)	16,504
Increase (decrease) in liabilities			
Deferred revenue Provision for claims Provision for ULAE   1,880,445   7,704,646   820,000   861,000		(200,919)	101,424
Provision for claims Provision for ULAE         1,880,445 820,000         7,704,646 820,000           2 Cash flows from investing activities Decrease in General Fund building loan Purchase of investments         500,000 (7,056,356) (7,823,130)           Proceeds from disposal of investments         10,176,110 (7,056,356) (7,823,130)           Proceeds from disposal of investments         10,176,110 (7,056,356) (7,823,130)           Proceeds from disposal of investments         10,176,110 (7,056,356) (7,823,130) (7,8			
Provision for ULAE         820,000         861,000           1,062,311         (2,558,097)           Cash flows from investing activities         500,000         500,000           Purchase of investments         (7,056,356)         (7,823,130)           Proceeds from disposal of investments         10,176,110         8,146,104           Cash flows from financing activities         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           Interfund transfers (note 10)         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           (Decrease) increase in cash         (17,390,981)         4,382,474           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information         555,924         455,737			
Cash flows from investing activities         500,000         500,000           Purchase of investments         (7,056,356)         (7,823,130)           Proceeds from disposal of investments         10,176,110         8,146,104           Cash flows from financing activities         3,619,754         822,974           Cash flows from financing activities         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           (Decrease) increase in cash         (17,390,981)         4,382,474           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information         555,924         455,737			
Decrease in General Fund building loan Purchase of investments         500,000 (7,823,130) (7,823,130) (7,823,130)           Proceeds from disposal of investments         10,176,110 (7,056,356) (7,823,130)           Cash flows from financing activities Interfund transfers (note 10)         (22,073,046) (22,073,046) (7,823,130)           (Decrease) increase in cash         (17,390,981) (17,390,981) (17,390,981)           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761 (24,279,287)           Cash - End of year         11,270,780 (28,661,761)           Supplementary cash flow information         555,924 (455,737)		1,062,311	(2,558,097)
Purchase of investments         (7,056,356)         (7,823,130)           Proceeds from disposal of investments         10,176,110         8,146,104           Cash flows from financing activities         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           Interfund transfers (note 10)         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           (Decrease) increase in cash         (17,390,981)         4,382,474           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information         555,924         455,737			
Cash flows from financing activities         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           Interfund transfers (note 10)         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           (Decrease) increase in cash         (17,390,981)         4,382,474           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information         555,924         455,737			
Cash flows from financing activities         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           (Decrease) increase in cash         (17,390,981)         4,382,474           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information         555,924         455,737			
Interfund transfers (note 10)         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           (Decrease) increase in cash         (17,390,981)         4,382,474           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information           Interest paid         555,924         455,737		3,619,754	
Interfund transfers (note 10)         (22,073,046)         6,117,597           (Decrease) increase in cash         (17,390,981)         4,382,474           Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information           Interest paid         555,924         455,737	Cash flows from financing activities		
Cash - Beginning of year         28,661,761         24,279,287           Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information           Interest paid         555,924         455,737		(22,073,046)	6,117,597
Cash - End of year         11,270,780         28,661,761           Supplementary cash flow information           Interest paid         555,924         455,737	(Decrease) increase in cash	(17,390,981)	4,382,474
Supplementary cash flow information Interest paid 555,924 455,737	Cash - Beginning of year	28,661,761	24,279,287
Interest paid	Cash - End of year	11,270,780	28,661,761
·	Supplementary cash flow information		
Interest income received 188,455 156,592	Interest paid	555,924	455,737
	Interest income received	188,455	156,592

# 1 Nature of operations

The Law Society of British Columbia (the Society) regulates the legal profession in British Columbia, protecting public interest in the administration of justice by setting and enforcing standards of professional conduct for lawyers.

The Society's fund covered in these consolidated fund financial statements is for the Lawyers Insurance Fund (the Fund) and the Society's only subsidiary, LSBC Captive Insurance Company (the Captive), that together comprise the Society's insurance program.

The Society's General Fund and Special Compensation Fund are presented in separate fund financial statements.

The Fund is maintained by the Society pursuant to Section 30 of the Legal Profession Act. The Captive is considered assessable for income tax under current legislation. The Captive is subject to regulation by the Financial Institutions Commission (FICOM). Effective January 1, 1990, the Fund underwrites the program by which errors and omissions insurance is provided to members of the Society.

#### Part A

The Society's members have limits of coverage for claims and potential claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions under Part A of the B.C. Lawyers' Compulsory Professional Liability Insurance Policy (the Policy) as follows:

	\$		\$
The Fund Deductible - applicable to indemnity payments only	995,000 5,000		990,000 10,000
Limit per error or related errors		-	1,000,000
Annual aggregate limit for all errors per member		_	2,000,000

The amount of the member deductible is \$5,000 for each initial claim resulting in the payment of damages and \$10,000 for each additional claim within a three-year period resulting in the payment of damages.

For claims reported between 1990 and 1996, the Captive entered into reinsurance contracts under which all claim payments above a per claim limit and in excess of inner aggregate retentions were ceded to reinsurers. Reinsurance does not relieve the Captive of primary liability as the originating insurer. All losses on claims since 1997 are fully reimbursed by the Fund on behalf of the Society under agreement.

For the 2017 and 2016 policy years, the Society and the Captive have obtained stop-loss reinsurance in the amount of \$12,000,000 to cover aggregate payments over \$25,000,000 for Parts A and C of the Policy. This limit is co-insured 80/20 with the reinsurer paying 80% of losses over \$25,000,000 to a maximum of \$12,000,000 and the Fund paying 20%.

#### Part B

Effective May 1, 2004, Part B of the Policy provides defined insurance coverage for dishonest appropriation of money or other property entrusted to and received by insured lawyers in their capacity as barristers and solicitors and in relation to the provision of professional services.

For the 2017 and 2016 policy years, there is a \$300,000 per claim limit and a \$17,500,000 profession-wide annual aggregate limit. The Society and the Captive have obtained insurance in the amount of \$5,000,000 to cover a portion of the annual aggregate limit. There is no deductible payable by the member. This insurance is subject to a \$3,000,000 group deductible and is co-insured 80/20 with the insurer paying 80% of losses over \$3,000,000, to a maximum of \$5,000,000, and the Fund paying 20%.

#### Part C

Effective January 1, 2012, Part C of the Policy provides defined insurance coverage for trust shortages suffered by insured lawyers as a result of relying on fraudulent certified cheques. Effective January 1, 2017, Part C coverage was expanded to include coverage for certain social engineering frauds.

For the 2017 and 2016 policy years, there is a limit of \$500,000 per claim, and per lawyer and firm annually, a profession-wide annual aggregate of \$2 million, and a deductible of 35% of the client trust fund shortage (reduced by the amount of any overdraft paid). Coverage, for relying on fraudulent certified cheques, is contingent upon compliance with the Society's client identification and verification rules.

# 2 Significant accounting policies

These Consolidated Fund Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO) as issued by the Canadian Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

These Consolidated Fund Financial Statements include the accounts of the Fund and the Captive, a wholly owned subsidiary.

#### Allocated administrative expenses

Administrative expenses are recovered by the General Fund of the Society from the Fund. Recoveries are based on amounts derived either on percentage of use or the proportion of the Fund's staff compared to the Society's total staff cost, or a set amount.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash on hand and held with a Canadian chartered bank.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

The fair values of cash, accounts receivable, short-term investments and accounts payable and accrued liabilities correspond to their carrying values due to their short-term nature.

The fair values of the provision for claims correspond to their carrying values because they are discounted.

The interfund balances including the building loan receivable and other interfund transactions are recorded at their carrying amounts which approximate their exchange amounts.

#### **Short-term investments**

Short-term investments consist of pooled money market funds, whose investments have original maturities of less than 90 days, and the carrying amount approximates the fair value at the reporting date due to their short-term maturities.

#### **Investments**

The Fund's investments consist of units in pooled equity, bond, real estate and mortgage funds and are initially and subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the consolidated fund statement of revenue and expenses in the year incurred. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of these investments are recognized in the consolidated fund statement of revenue and expenses in the year incurred.

#### **Investment income**

Investment income and pooled fund distributions are recorded on an accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the date of record. Gains and losses realized on the disposal of investments are taken into income on the date of disposal.

#### **Provision for claims**

The provision for claims and unallocated loss adjustment expenses (ULAE) represent an estimate for all external costs of investigating and settling claims and potential claims reported prior to the date of the consolidated fund statement of financial position. The provision is adjusted as additional information on the estimated amounts becomes known during the course of claims settlement. All changes in estimates are expensed in the current period. The Fund presents its claims on a discounted basis.

#### Revenue recognition

The Fund follows the deferral method of accounting for annual assessments. Assessments are billed and received in advance on a calendar-year basis. Accordingly, assessments for the next fiscal year received prior to December 31 have been recorded as deferred revenue for financial reporting purposes and will be recognized as revenue in the next calendar year.

All other revenues are recognized when receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

#### **Use of estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with ASNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the the consolidated fund financial statements and revenues and expenses for the period reported. The determination of the provision for claims and ULAE and the reinsurers' share of the provision for claims involves significant estimation. Actual results could differ from those estimates and the differences could be material.

#### **Financial instruments**

The Fund's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, short-term investments, investments and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The significant financial risks to which the Fund is exposed are credit risk, market risk, price risk, and liquidity risk.

#### Credit risk

Cash, accounts receivable, members' share of provision for claims, bond pooled funds and the investment in real estate mortgage indirectly expose the Fund to credit risk.

The maximum exposure to credit risk arising from the above-noted items is \$90,467,179 (2016 - \$101,136,795).

Credit risk arises from the possibility that a counterparty to an instrument fails to meet its obligations.

The cash deposits are held only with Schedule I banks. The accounts receivable balances are spread across the broad membership base with no significant exposure to any one individual. The investment guidelines mitigate credit risk by ensuring the investments in the bond pooled funds have an adequate minimum credit rating and well-diversified portfolios.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the potential for loss to the Fund from changes in the value of its financial instruments due to changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates or equity prices.

The Fund manages market risk by diversifying investments within the various asset classes and investing in pooled funds as set out in the guidelines of the Society's statement of investment policies and procedures (SIPP).

#### Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of the Society's investments will fluctuate due to changes in the market prices whether these changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument, its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. It arises primarily on pooled equity, bond, real estate and mortgage fund investments.

To manage price risk, the Society has guidelines on the diversification and weighting of investments within pooled funds which are set and monitored against the Society's SIPP.

As at December 31, 2017, if pooled fund prices increased or decreased by 10% with all other factors remaining constant, net assets would have increased or decreased by approximately \$16.7 million (2016 - \$15.4 million).

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet all cash outflow requirements. At December 31, 2017, the sum of the Fund's cash, short-term investments and pooled fund investments, at fair value, which are available to settle the liabilities of the Society as they come due, exceeded the sum of the liabilities by \$80.2 million, or 76% (2016 - \$66.3 million, or 55%).

#### 3 Accounts receivable

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Member deductibles Allowance for doubtful accounts Receivable for premium taxes under appeal GST/HST receivable Taxes receivable Other receivables	582,382 (341,825) - 168,610 - 37,841	459,109 (295,134) 12 79,349 94 11,484
	447,008	254,914

### **4** Government remittances

The following government remittances are included in accounts payable:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Ministry of Finance - PST Receiver General - corporate income tax	4,482 844	452
Ministry of Finance - premium tax	10,145	8,572
	15,471	9,024

# **5** Short-term investments

Short-term investments comprise pooled money market funds with the following balances:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Money market funds	7,267,022	4,201,359

#### **6** Investments

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Investments - at fair value	167,447,629	154,267,887



# **The Law Society of British Columbia – Lawyers Insurance Fund**Notes to Consolidated Fund Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

				2017
	Carrying cost \$	Gross unrealized gains \$	Gross unrealized losses \$	Estimated fair value \$
Bonds Pooled Funds	46,357,149		(797,619)	45,559,530
Equities Canadian Pooled Funds	21,084,947	15,994,047	-	37,078,994
International Pooled Funds	36,525,196	16,448,098	-	52,973,294
	57,610,143	32,442,145	-	90,052,288
Real Estate & Mortgage Real Estate Fund Mortgage Fund	14,521,175 15,761,508	1,824,287	(271,159)	16,345,462 15,490,349
	30,282,683	1,824,287	(271,159)	31,835,811
	134,249,975	34,266,432	(1,068,778)	167,447,629
				2016
	Carrying cost	Gross unrealized gains \$	Gross unrealized losses \$	Estimated fair value
Bonds Pooled Funds	\$	unrealized gains	unrealized losses \$	Estimated fair value \$
Pooled Funds  Equities Canadian Pooled	\$ 41,216,639	unrealized gains \$ -	unrealized losses	Estimated fair value \$
Pooled Funds  Equities Canadian Pooled Funds International Pooled	\$ 41,216,639 21,233,972	unrealized gains \$ - 14,256,017	unrealized losses \$	Estimated fair value \$ 40,621,672
Pooled Funds  Equities  Canadian Pooled  Funds	\$	unrealized gains \$ - 14,256,017 14,214,265	unrealized losses \$	Estimated fair value \$ 40,621,672 35,489,989 47,704,913
Pooled Funds  Equities Canadian Pooled Funds International Pooled	\$ 41,216,639 21,233,972	unrealized gains \$ - 14,256,017	unrealized losses \$	Estimated fair value \$ 40,621,672
Pooled Funds  Equities Canadian Pooled Funds International Pooled Funds  Real Estate & Mortgage Real Estate Fund	\$ 41,216,639  21,233,972  33,490,648  54,724,620  14,521,175	unrealized gains \$ - 14,256,017 14,214,265 28,470,282	unrealized losses \$ (594,967)	Estimated fair value \$ 40,621,672 35,489,989 47,704,913 83,194,902 15,381,443

The effective yield on the Bond, Mortgages and Equities portion of the investment portfolio was  $5.78\,\%$  (2016 -2.29%).

#### **Investment risk management**

The Society has adopted policies which establish the guidelines for all investment activities. These guidelines apply to the investment funds controlled by the Fund.

The Society's overall investment philosophy is to maximize the long-term real rate of return subject to an acceptable degree of risk.

The Society's long-term funding requirements and relatively low level of liquidity dictate a portfolio with a mix of fixed income, equities, as well as real estate and mortgages. The Society invests in bonds, equities, real estate and mortgages through pooled funds.

### **Investment income**

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Interest on cash Pooled distributions Net interfund loan interest expense (note 10) Building income - 750 Cambie Street (revenue of \$nil (2016 - \$nil);	144,840 7,600,178 (507,330)	143,498 5,638,747 (400,835)
net of expenses of \$nil (2016 - \$5,519)		(5,519)
Investment income	7,237,688	5,375,891
Fair value changes in investments		
	2017 \$	2016 \$
Realized gain on disposal of investments Unrealized gain on investments measured at fair value	4,127,259 4,613,387	2,185,512 2,619,395
Fair value changes in investments	8,740,646	4,804,907

# 7 General Fund building loan

In 1992, the Benchers authorized the lending of monies from the Fund to support the capital development of the Society's buildings at 845 Cambie Street, Vancouver, B.C. The loan has no fixed repayment terms and bears interest calculated monthly at a rate equal to the stated monthly bond yield to maturity earned on the Fund's investment portfolio. It is the intention of the Benchers to require the General Fund to repay a minimum of \$500,000 of the principal each year. During 2017, principal of \$500,000 (2016 - \$500,000) was repaid.

		2017 %	<b>2016</b> %
	Weighted average rate of return	2.27	2.09
8	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
		2017 \$	2016 \$
	Trade payables Accrued trade expenses Taxes payable Premium taxes payable Income taxes payable	1,371,159 256,970 4,482 10,112 63	1,590,314 226,287 452 8,572
		1,642,786	1,825,625

# 9 Provision for claims and unallocated loss adjustment expenses (ULAE)

The changes in unpaid claims recorded in the consolidated fund statement of financial position are as follows:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Part A Insurance Coverage		
Provision for claims - Beginning of year	66,493,720	59,062,074
Provision for losses and expenses for claims occurring in the current year (Decrease) increase in estimated losses and expenses for losses occurring in prior years	16,824,000 (5,159,000)	17,944,208 4,530,000
Provision for claims liability	78,158,720	81,536,282
(Subtract) add: Payments on claims incurred in the current year Payments on claims incurred in prior years Recoveries on claims Change in due from members	(929,822) (11,087,786) 200,134 31,264	(1,013,274) (14,401,094) 473,230 (101,424)
Claim payments - net of recoveries	(11,786,210)	(15,042,562)
Part A Provision for claims - End of year	66,372,510	66,493,720
Part B Insurance Coverage		
Unpaid claims - Beginning of year	699,000	426,000
Provision for losses and expenses for claims	1,456,517	376,081
	2,155,517	802,081
(Subtract) Add: Payments on claims Recoveries on claims	(82,017) 5,500	(107,481) 4,400
Claim payments - net of recoveries	(76,517)	(103,081)
Part B Provision for claims - End of year	2,079,000	699,000
Part C Insurance Coverage		
Provision for claims - Beginning of year	-	-
Provision for losses and expenses for claims occurring in the current year	446,000	
Add:	446,000	-
Change in due from members	175,655	
Part C Provision for claims - End of Year	621,655	-
Total provision for Parts A, B and C Insurance Coverage	69,073,165	67,192,720

The determination of the provision for unpaid claims and adjustment expenses requires the estimation of two major variables or quanta, being development of claims and the effects of discounting, to establish a best estimate of the value of the respective liability or asset.

The provision for unpaid claims and adjustment expenses is an estimate subject to variability, and the variability, as with any insurance company, could be material in the near term. The variability arises because all events affecting the ultimate settlement of claims have not taken place and may not take place for some time. Variability can be caused by receipt of additional claim information, changes in judicial interpretation of contracts, significant changes in severity of claims from historical trends, the timing of claims payments and future rates of investment return. The estimates are principally based on the Fund's historical experience. Methods of estimation have been used that the Society believes produce reasonable results given current information.

The provision for ULAE is an actuarially determined estimate of the Fund's future costs relating to the administration of claims and potential claims reported up to the consolidated fund statement of financial position date.

The Fund discounts its best estimate of claims provisions at a rate of interest of 2.66% (2016 - 2.65%). The Fund determines the discount rate based upon the expected return on its investment portfolio of assets with appropriate assumptions for interest rates relating to reinvestment of maturing investments.

A 1% increase in the discount rate will have a favourable impact on the discounted claims liability of \$2.367 million (2016 - \$2.272 million) and a 1% decrease in the discount rate will have an unfavourable impact on the discounted claims liability of \$2.539 million (2016 - \$2.434 million).

To recognize the uncertainty in establishing these best estimates, to allow for possible deterioration in experience, and to provide greater comfort that the actuarial liabilities are adequate to pay future benefits, the Fund includes a Provision for Adverse Deviations (PFAD) in some assumptions relating to claims development and future investment income. The PFAD is selected based on guidance from the Canadian Institute of Actuaries.

The effects of discounting and the application of PFAD, net of members' share of provision for claims, are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Undiscounted Effect of present value PFADs	71,677 (5,933) 11,576	69,081 (5,678) 11,423
Discounted	77,320	74,826

## Claims development tables (net of members' share of provision for claims)

A review of the historical development of the Fund's insurance estimates provides a measure of the Fund's ability to estimate the ultimate value of claims. The top half of the following tables illustrates how the Fund's estimate of total undiscounted claims costs for each year has changed at successive year-ends. The bottom half of the tables reconciles the cumulative claims to the amount appearing in the consolidated fund statement of financial position.

#### Part A insurance claims (in thousands of dollars)

Claims year	2008 \$	2009 \$	2010 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2013 \$	2014 \$	2015 \$	2016 \$	2017 \$	Total \$
Estimate of undiscounted ultimate claims costs											
At end of claims year One year later Two years later Three years later Four years later Five years later Six years later Seven years later Eight years later Nine years later	13,670 13,230 13,470 13,360 13,170 13,060 12,780 13,070 13,270 13,080	11,520 11,310 11,500 13,470 13,960 14,540 14,240 14,340 14,340	13,650 12,990 12,610 13,210 13,920 15,190 14,900 14,420	14,560 13,550 11,570 10,920 11,100 11,810 12,300	13,390 13,080 11,970 10,690 10,490 10,100	15,230 15,100 17,780 20,300 20,460	12,690 12,390 12,240 11,760	15,090 16,590 15,210	16,720 15,440	15,720	
Current estimate of cumulative claims Cumulative payments to date	13,080 (12,383)	14,340 (13,466)	14,420 (12,191)	12,300 (9,610)	10,100 (7,087)	20,460 (14,851)	11,760 (5,501)	15,210 (5,765)	15,440 (3,371)	15,720 (906)	142,830 (85,131)
Undiscounted unpaid liability	697	874	2,229	2,690	3,013	5,609	6,259	9,445	12,069	14,814	57,699
Undiscounted unpaid liability i	n respect	of 2007 an	d prior years	S							2,701
Undiscounted unallocated loss adjustment expense reserve									8,548		
Total undiscounted unpaid claims liability									68,948		
Discounting adjustment (includes Claim PFAD)										5,472	
Total discounted unpaid claims liability										74,420	

# Part B insurance claims (in thousands of dollars)

Claims year	2008 \$	2009 \$	2010 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2013 \$	2014 \$	2015 \$	2016 \$	2017 \$	Total \$
Estimate of undiscounted ultimate claims costs											
At end of claims year	8	107	23	28	18	53	562	41	274	1,588	
One year later	7	196	19	24	13	82	500	184	134		
Two years later	9	197	22	23	12	100	421	180			
Three years later	9	197	26	23	13	115	372				
Four years later	9	197	26	23	8	108					
Five years later	9	197	26	25	8						
Six years later	9	197	27	25							
Seven years later	9	203	26								
Eight years later	10	201									
Nine years later	10										
Current estimate of											
cumulative claims	10	201	26	25	8	108	372	180	134	1,588	2,652
Cumulative payments to date	(10)	(197)	(26)	(24)	_	(100)	(166)	(86)	(52)	(45)	(706)
	(.0)	()	(=0)	(= .)		(100)	(100)	(00)	(02)	(.0)	(100)
Undiscounted unpaid liability	-	4	-	1	8	8	206	94	82	1,543	1,946
Undiscounted unpaid liability in	respect o	f 2007 and	prior vears	3							8
,			, , , ,								
Undiscounted unallocated loss	adjustme	nt expense	reserve								272
Total undiscounted unpaid claims liability									2,226		
Discounting adjustment (includ	les Claim I	PFAD)									142
Total discounted unpaid claims liability										2,368	

# Part C insurance claims (in thousands of dollars)

Claims year	2008 \$	2009 \$	2010 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2013 \$	2014 \$	2015 \$	2016 \$	2017 \$	Total \$
Estimate of undiscounted ultimate claims costs											
At end of claims year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	423	
One year later	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Two years later	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Three years later	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Four years later	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Five years later	-	-	-	-	-						
Six years later	-	-	-	-							
Seven years later	-	-	-								
Eight years later	-	-									
Nine years later	-										
Current estimate of											
cumulative claims	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	423	423
Cumulative payments to date	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Undiscounted unpaid liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	423	423
Undiscounted unpaid liability in	n respect o	f 2007 and	prior years	3							_
	·										
Undiscounted unallocated loss adjustment expense reserve										81	
Total undiscounted unpaid claims liability									504		
Discounting adjustment (includes Claim PFAD)									28		
Total discounted unpaid clai	ms liabilit	Total discounted unpaid claims liability									

The expected maturity of the unpaid claims provision is analyzed below (undiscounted and gross of reinsurance):

(in thousands of dollars)	Less than one year	One to two years \$	Two to three years \$	Three to four years \$	Four to five years \$	Over five years	Total \$
December 31, 2017	17,230	13,620	10,966	8,359	5,912	15,590	71,677
December 31, 2016	16,751	13,038	10,840	7,294	5,833	15,325	69,081

#### Role of the actuary

The actuary is appointed to fulfill reporting requirements pursuant to the Insurance (Captive Company) Act of B.C. With respect to preparation of these Consolidated Fund Financial Statements, the actuary is required to carry out a valuation of the Fund's policy liabilities and to provide an opinion regarding their appropriateness at the date of the consolidated fund statement of financial position. The factors and techniques used in the valuation are in accordance with accepted actuarial practice, applicable legislation and associated regulations. The scope of the valuation encompasses the policy liabilities as well as any other matter specified in any direction that may be made by the regulatory authorities. The policy liabilities consist of a provision for unpaid claims and adjustment expenses. In performing the valuation of the liabilities for these contingent future events, which are by their very nature inherently variable, the actuary makes assumptions as to future loss ratios, trends, expenses and other contingencies, taking into consideration the circumstances of the Fund and the nature of the insurance policies.

The valuation is based on projections for settlement of reported claims and claim adjustment expenses. It is certain that actual claims and claim adjustment expenses will not develop exactly as projected and may, in fact, vary significantly from the projections.

The actuary relies on data and related information prepared by the Fund. The actuary also analyzes the Fund's assets for its ability to support the amount of policy liabilities.

#### 10 Interfund transactions

The operations of the Fund, the General Fund and the Special Compensation Fund are administered by the management of the Society. Balances between the funds arise from transactions of an operating nature and are recorded at exchange amounts at the dates of the transactions. Surplus funds are invested in the Fund's investment portfolio.

Amounts due to and from the General Fund and the Special Compensation Fund are due on demand and have no fixed terms of repayment. The Fund has authorized a loan facility of up to \$1 million to the General Fund to fund capital expenditures in accordance with the 10-year capital plan. The Fund has also authorized a loan facility of up to \$8 million to the Special Compensation Fund. As of December 31, 2017, no amounts have been drawn on the facilities (2016 - \$nil).

Pursuant to reserve policy, \$3,200,000 of the net assets related to trust assurance was transferred to the Lawyers Insurance Fund for Part B coverage during 2017.

Pursuant to Section 50 of the Legal Profession Amendment Act, 2012 (SCB 2012, C16), \$1,000,000 of unused reserves of the Special Compensation Fund was transferred to the Lawyers Insurance Fund during 2017.

Monthly interest on the Fund's net loan position with the General Fund and Special Compensation Fund is paid to the Fund at a rate equal to the stated monthly bond yield to maturity earned on the Fund's investment portfolio. The average bond yield for 2017 was 2.27% (2016 - 2.09%). The Fund's net loan position at December 31, 2017 was \$15.6m (2016 - \$32.9m) which includes the General Fund building loan, other operating balances with the General Fund and the Special Compensation Fund. This net loan position fluctuates during the year as amounts are transferred between the General Fund, the Special Compensation Fund and the Fund to finance ongoing operations.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, interest revenue of \$48,594 (2016 - \$54,902) was received on the General Fund building loan and interest of \$528,219 (2016 - \$427,221) was paid on General Fund cash balances held by the Fund and \$27,705 (2016 - \$28,512) was paid on the Special Compensation Fund cash balances held by the Fund for a net interest expense of \$507,330 (2016 - \$400,835).

Other interfund transactions are disclosed elsewhere in these Consolidated Fund Financial Statements.

# 11 Internally restricted net assets

The Benchers have allocated \$17.5m (2016 - \$17.5m) of the net assets to the Part B coverage for dishonest appropriation of trust funds or property.

## 12 Regulatory requirements and capital management

The Captive is required to maintain a minimum of \$200,000 in shareholder's equity and \$100,000 in reserves under the regulations of the Insurance (Captive Company) Act of B.C. The Captive was in compliance with these regulations throughout the year and as at December 31, 2017.

#### 13 Related parties

The elected Benchers include members drawn from law firms across the province. These law firms may at times be engaged by the Society in the normal course of business. During the year ended December 31, 2017, expenses of \$99,037 (2016 - \$74,923) were incurred by the Fund with these law firms.

